Climbing Capitol Hill: The Basics of Congressional Research

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Agenda

- A caveat (or three)
- Brief civics lesson
- Tips & tricks
- What Congress Produces
- How researchers may use that content
- How to find that content (for free and for fee)
- Auxilliary services for congress
- Questions and Answers





Congress: A Civics Lesson

Established in Article 1 of the US Constitution

 "all legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and a House of Representatives."

House

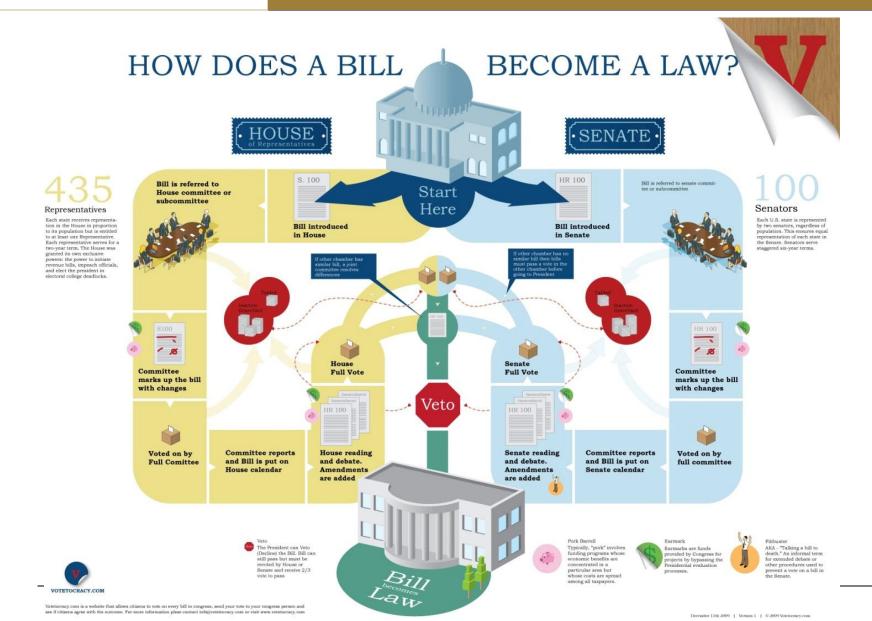
- 435 members
- Elected every 2 years
- Initiates revenue-raising bills
- Initiates impeachment processes

Senate

- 100 members
- Elected every 6 years
- Ratifies treaties and approves presidential appointments
- Decides impeachment cases
- Meets for two-year 'Congresses' each with two 'Sessions' that are numbered – currently in the 113th Congress, 1st Session.



Congress: A Civics Lesson Cont.





Tips and Tricks for Congressional Research

Names matter (and they change)

- Bills and Acts are numbered (differently in House and Senate and Joint) and sometimes named, too
 (i.e. 'Obamacare' vs. 'Affordable Care Act')
- Publications (Annals of Congress > Congressional Record)
- Agencies ('Health Education and Welfare' became separate departments of Health and Human Services and Education)
- Committees

Names/Numbers/Dates will make your life easier if you have them

- Name of congressperson, witness, committee, bill, etc.
- What congress AND what session
- Day/Date of votes, floor discussion, hearings, etc.
- Bill number (was it in the House or Senate)
- Serial Set Numbers



Major Publications

- Congressional Hearings
- Serial Set
- Congressional Record
- CBO Reports
- CRS Reports
- Legislative Histories

S. Hpg. 111-874

EXXON VALDEZ TO DEEPWATER HORIZON: PROTECTING VICTIMS OF MAJOR OIL SPILLS

HEARING

REPORE THE

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY UNITED STATES SENATE

ONE HUNDRED ELEVENTH CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

JULY 27, 2010

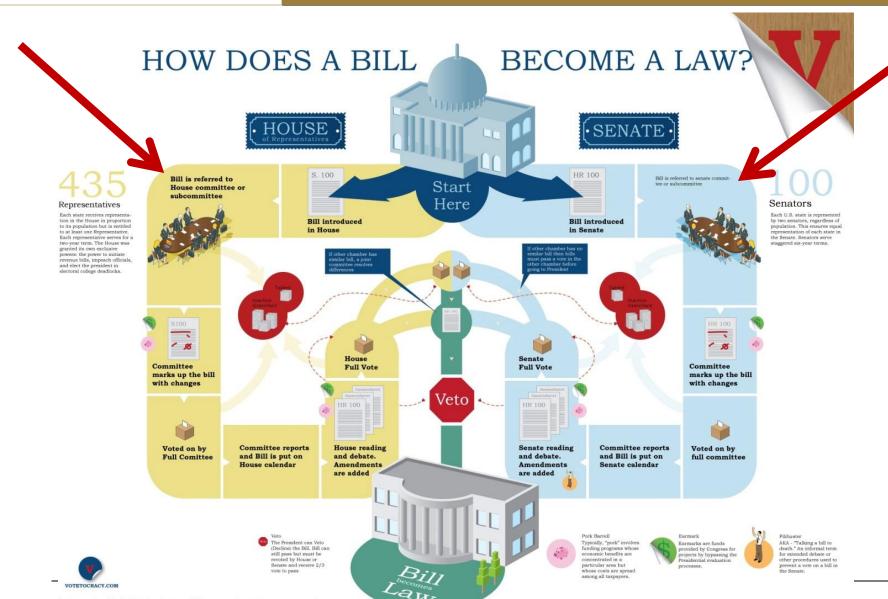
Serial No. J-111-102

Printed for the use of the Committee on the Judiciary





CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS





Congressional Hearings: What are they?

- Meeting or session of a Senate, House, joint, or special committee of Congress
- Used to obtain information and opinions on proposed legislation, conduct an investigation, or evaluate/oversee the activities of a government department or the implementation of a Federal law.
- May also be purely exploratory in nature, providing testimony and data about topics of current interest.
- Contain data and testimonies from a wide variety of sources
- Most congressional hearings are published two months to two years after they are held. Some are never published.



Congressional Hearings: What are they used for?

- Researching a particular issue or policy often considered primary sources for students
- Researching the inner workings of Congress committee structure, power plays among members, etc.
- Researching special interests via witnesses called to testify
- Tracking issues over time (Nuclear nonproliferation during the Cold War vs. after The Cold War)
- Evaluating the relationship between Congress and the Administration (confirmation hearings).
- Wonderful source of data

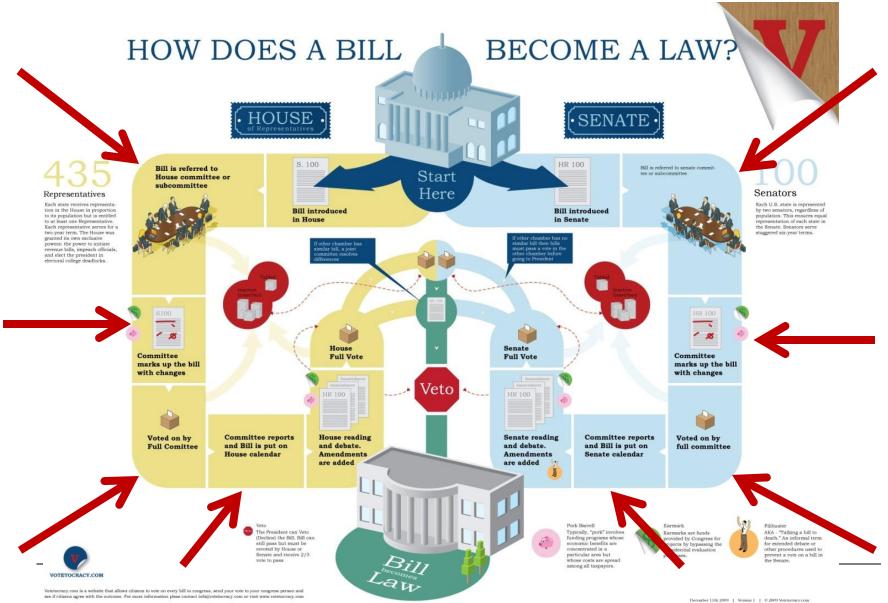


Congressional Hearings: How do you find them?

- In Print or Microfiche
- Online for Free
 - FDSys (99th 113th Congress 1985 Current)
 - C-SPAN Video Library (selected hearings)
- Online for \$\$
 - ProQuest Congressional
 - WestLaw



SERIAL SET





Serial Set: What is it?

- Began with the 15th Congress, 1st Session (1817)
- Documents before 1817 may be found in the <u>American State</u>
 <u>Papers</u>.
- Documents cover a wide variety of topics and may include
 - Reports of executive departments and independent organizations,
 - Reports of special investigations made for Congress
 - Publications about the history of the government, institutions and architecture of Washington
 - Annual reports of non-governmental organizations.
 - During the late nineteenth and early twentieth centuries, executivebranch materials were also published in the Serial Set.
- Useful in researching almost anything to do with government, policy, legislation, etc.
- Additional info from GPO:



Serial Set: What is it?

Contains:

- House Documents
- Senate Documents
- House Reports
- Senate Reports
- Senate Treaty Documents
- **Documents** are primarily the information coming **IN** to the committee. This includes texts of various executive communications to Congress, executive agencies' annual or special reports to Congress, accounts of committee activities and committee-sponsored special studies, and a miscellary of publications such as ceremonial tributes to individuals or reports of patriotic organizations.
- Reports are primarily the information coming OUT of a committee to the larger body (House or Senate). This is how congressional committees formally report and make recommendations to the Senate or House as a whole concerning their findings and deliberations regarding specific pieces of legislation, or their investigative or oversight activities.
- Can sometimes be the most informative documents related to the creation of specific legislation. They can provide the data the committee used in their decision-making, and can provide insight into the thinking behind a particular piece of proposed legislation.



Serial Set: How do you find it?

In Print (bound volumes or microfiche)

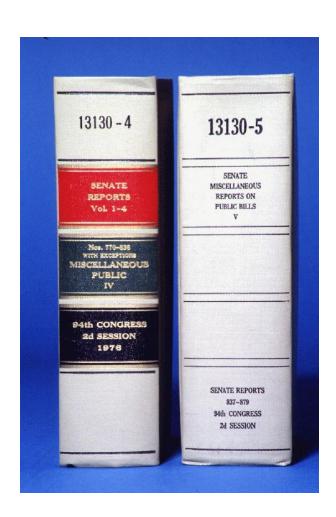
Online for Free

- Congressional Reports

 (104th 113th Congress 1995 Current)
- Congressional Documents
 (94th 113th Congress 1975 Current)
- <u>Library of Congress</u>
 (23rd 64th Congress 1833-1917)

Online for \$\$

- ProQuest Congressional
- Hein Online
- Readex





Serial Set: What is it Used For?

- Researching a particular policy
- Researching a particular Congress
- Researching topics across time
- Researching organizations or institutions
- Tribute volumes are often of particular interest
- Early Serial Set volumes include things like
 - Annual Reports of government agencies
 - Reports on the relocation of the Cherokee
 - Discussion on financing the Lewis and Clark expedition, etc.

26th Congress, 1st Session. [SENATE.]

[320]

LETTER

PROM

THE SECRETARY OF WAR.

RECOMMENDENC

An appropriation for the removal of certain Cherokee Indians.

MARCH 26, 1840.

Referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

WAR DEPARTMENT, March 24, 1840.

Sir: I have the honor to represent to you that the interests of the service require the removal of several Cherokee Indians, residing and having valuable improvements upon the land in the immediate vicinity of Fort Wayne, Arkansas, reserved for the use and convenience of that garrison. Under the treaty with them, of the 29th December, 1835, the Government has the right to direct their removal, by paying them for their improvements. I have, therefore, the honor to request the aid of the Committee on Indian Affairs, in obtaining an early appropriation of \$3,500—the estimated value of the improvements for which they are entitled to indemnification.

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

J. R. POINSETT.

Hon. A. H. SEVIER,

Chairman Committee on Indian Affairs, Senate.

Blair & Rives, printers.

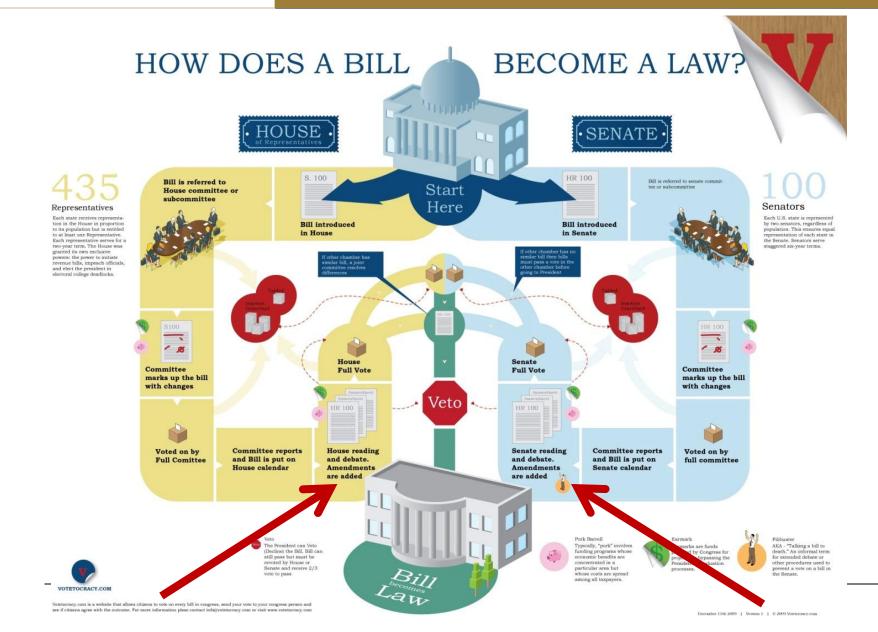


Congressional Record: What is it?

- It is the official record of the proceedings and debates of the United States Congress.
- Title Changes
 - Annals of the Congress of the United States: 1st 18th Congresses (1789-1824)
 - Register of Debates in Congress: 18th Congress 1st session 25th Congress 1st session (1824–1837)
 - Congressional Globe: 23rd through 42nd Congresses (1833–1873)
 - Congressional Record: 43rd Congress (1874) Present
- Covers what happens on the floor of Congress (NOT what happens in committees)
- **Important to know**: Members of Congress can revise or extend their remarks and for most of the years of congress these are not indicated in the CR. Now, they are in a different typeface or indicated with a bullet.
- Additional info available here: http://thomas.loc.gov/home/abt.cong.rec.html



CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

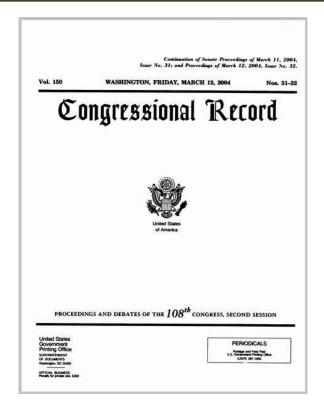




Congressional Record: What is it cont.

Consists of

- House section and Senate section each covering floor debate and business.
- Extensions of Remarks (speeches, tributes and other clarifications that were not actually uttered during open proceedings – formerly called Appendix)
- Daily Digest (Summary of what happens)
- Index for each session of congress by name & subject
- Also contains communications from the President and the Executive Branch, memorials, petitions, and various information (including amendments and cosponsors)





Congressional Record: What is it used for?

- To track debates on topics across time (compare Prohibition and Repeal debates)
- Congressional Rhetoric
- To look at members 'Record' on particular issues
- Tracks votes
- Demonstrates changes in procedure over time

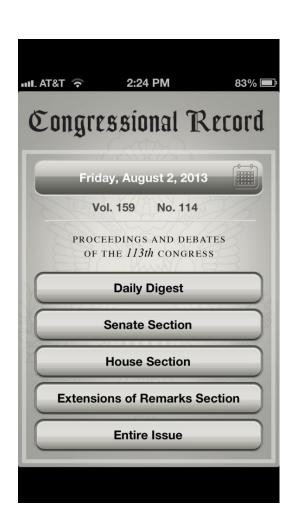




Congressional Record: How do you find it?

In Print or Microfiche

- Online for Free
 - <u>FDSys</u> (1994 present)
 - THOMAS from LOC (1989 Present)
 - American Memory from LOC (1773 1874)
 - <u>iOS App</u> (back to 1995)
 - C-SPAN Video Library (selected debates)
- Online for \$\$
 - ProQuest Congressional
 - Hein Online
 - WestLaw





Auxiliary Services to Congress

Congressional Research Service

- Nonpartisan
- Congress' 'think tank'
- Policy group staffed by experienced researchers, economists, policy analysts and statisticians
- Existed informally earlier but was codified in 1946 and called The Legislative Research Service. Renamed CRS in 1970.
- Does not provide reports to the public except through your congressperson (or FOIA request).
- Available Online in ProQuest Congressional but not widely for free
- Major Studies and Issue Briefs of the CRS was also put out in MF
- Some can be found online for example: https://opencrs.com/
- Goldmine of information for researchers on any topic.
- Example: "Youth and the Labor Force: Background and Trends" from July 2013



Auxiliary Services to Congress

Congressional Budget Office

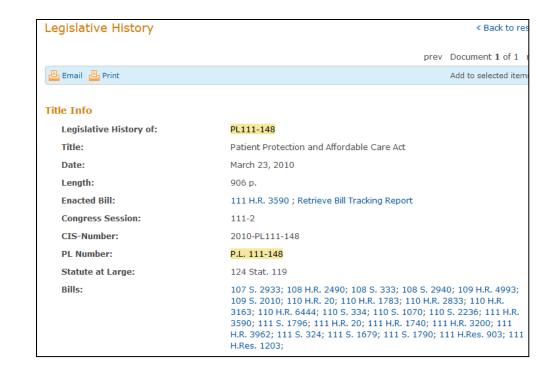
- Created in 1974
- Nonpartisan
- Provides economic data to congress
- Publishes reports in print (SuDoc Y10.2) and online
 (http://www.cbo.gov/topics/) back to 94th Congress (1975-76)
- Reports analyze economic impact of proposed legislation as well as enacted legislation
- Really useful for students writing policy analysis or policy proposal papers
- Example: <u>The Economic Impact of S. 744, the Border Security, Economic Opportunity, and Immigration Modernization Act</u>



Legislative Histories

What are they?

- Allows you to track a law from it's first appearance as a bill in the house or Senate all the way through the hearings, revisions, discussions and votes.
- Usually used to teach legislative process or to determine intent behind a law





How do they work?

- Before you begin your research, it helps to know at least one of the following two pieces of information:
 - The public law citation or the Statutes at Large citation (e.g. P.L. 107-56; 115 Stat. 272)
 - The bill number and Congress of the Act or Resolution (e.g. H.R.
 3162 from the 107th Congress)

How do you find them:

- Proquet Congressional
- ProQuest Legislative Insight
- Hein Online, Westlaw, LexisNexis
- On the open web in places like:
 - http://www.justice.gov/jmd/ls/legislative_histories/legislativehistories.html
 - http://www.llsdc.org/Leg-Hist/





- Congress/Session Numbers with corresponding Congressional Record/Debates volumes
- GovDoc-L Listserv http://govdoc-l.org/
- Schoolhouse Rock 'I'm Just a Bill'
- Research Guides
 - http://hcl.harvard.edu/research/guides/us_congressional/
 - http://libguides.nps.edu/content.php?pid=437875&sid=3584211
 - http://guides.library.tamu.edu/content.php?pid=302472



Questions?

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http://www.slideshare.net/roztedford/basics-of-congressionalresearch

OR

http://slidesha.re/15Ol9jf



Upcoming Accidental Librarian Webinars

- August 21: FRED and FRASER with Pamela Campbell
- September 25: Gov Info Tour with Alex Simons
- October 16-18: NCLA Biennial Conference
- Brought to you by the North Carolina Library
 Association's Government Resources Section. Join us!
 http://www.nclaonline.org/government-resources